

# Contents

<b>Contents</b> .....	1	11.6	Rearrangement	29
<b>Preface</b> .....	6	<b>12</b>	<b>Energy Turnover of Chemical Reactions</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>Organic Chemistry</b> .....	7	12.1	Heat of Reaction, Activation Energy	30
<b>1 Atomic Orbitals, Electronic Configurations</b> .....	8	12.2	Catalysis	30
1.1 Atomic Orbitals	8	12.3	Kinetic and Thermodynamic Control	31
1.2 s and p Orbitals	8	<b>13</b>	<b>Radical Substitution</b>	<b>32</b>
1.3 Electron Spin and PAULI Principle	8	13.1	Photohalogenation of Alkanes	32
1.4 Electronic Configuration of Light Atoms	9	13.2	Relative Stability of Alkyl Radicals	32
<b>2 Covalent Bonding</b> .....	10	13.3	Regioselectivity of Radical Substitution	33
2.1 Kinds of Chemical Bond	10	13.4	Radical Sulfochlorination and Nitration	33
2.2 Covalent Bonding by Overlapping of Atomic Orbitals	10	<b>14</b>	<b>Alkenes, Skeletal and Configurational Isomers</b>	<b>34</b>
2.3 Overlapping of p Orbitals	11	14.1	Nomenclature and Structural Isomerism	34
<b>3 Hybridization of Atomic Orbitals</b> .....	12	14.2	Relative Configuration	34
3.1 Geometry of the Methane Molecule	12	<b>15</b>	<b>Synthesis of Alkenes</b>	<b>36</b>
3.2 Hybridization of Atomic Orbitals	12	15.1	$\beta$ -Elimination	36
3.3 Carbon-Hydrogen Bonding in Methane	13	15.1.1	Dehydrohalogenation of Haloalkanes	36
<b>4 Covalent Carbon-Carbon Bonding</b> .....	14	15.1.2	Dehydration of Alcohols	36
4.1 Ethane, CC Single Bond	14	15.1.3	Reductive Dehalogenation of 1,2-Dihaloalkanes	37
4.2 Ethene, CC Double Bond	14	15.2	Alternative Syntheses	37
4.3 Ethyne, CC Triple Bond	15	15.2.1	Dehydrogenation of Alkanes	37
<b>5 Alkanes</b> .....	16	15.2.2	Partial Hydrogenation of Alkynes	37
5.1 Homologous Series of Alkanes	16	15.2.3	Reductive Coupling of Carbonyl Compounds	37
5.2 Natural Sources and Preparation	16	15.2.4	Carbonyl Alkenylations	38
5.2.1 Distillation of Petroleum	16	15.3	Transformation of Alkenes	38
5.2.2 Catalytic Hydrogenation of Alkenes	17	15.3.1	WOHL-ZIEGLER Bromination	38
5.2.3 WURTZ Synthesis Involving Alkylsodium	17	15.3.2	HECK Reaction	38
5.2.4 KOLBE Electrolysis of Carboxylates (Anodic Oxidation)	17	15.3.3	Ene Reaction	39
5.3 Alkanes as an Energy Source	17	15.3.4	Alkene Metathesis	39
<b>6 Skeletal Structure, Structural Isomerism</b> .....	18	<b>16</b>	<b>Additions to Alkenes</b>	<b>40</b>
6.1 Two and More Structures for One Molecular Formula	18	16.1	Addition of Hydrogen (Catalytic Hydrogenation)	40
6.2 Skeletal Isomerism	18	16.2	Addition of Bromine (Bromination)	40
<b>7 Basic Rules of Nomenclature</b> .....	20	16.3	Electrophilic Addition of Hydrogen Halide (Hydrohalogenation)	41
7.1 IUPAC Rules	20	16.4	Electrophilic Addition of Water (Hydration)	41
7.2 Branched Alkyl Groups	20	16.5	Halohydrin Formation	42
<b>8 Drawing Molecular Structures</b> .....	22	16.6	Hydroboration	42
8.1 Structural Formulas	22	16.7	Dihydroxylations	42
8.2 Skeletal Formulas	22	16.8	1,3-Dipolar Cycloaddition of Ozone (Ozonolysis)	43
8.3 LEWIS Formulas	22	<b>17</b>	<b>Dienes</b>	<b>44</b>
8.4 Projections	23	17.1	Cumulation and Conjugation of Double Bonds	44
8.4.1 FISCHER Projection	23	17.2	Molecular Structure	44
8.4.2 NEWMAN Projection	23	17.2.1	Conformation of 1,3-Butadiene	44
<b>9 Conformation</b> .....	24	17.2.2	Bond Lengths and Resonance Formulas of 1,3-Butadiene	44
9.1 Conformation, Conformers	24	17.2.3	Molecular Shape of Allene	45
9.2 Energy Contents and Nomenclature of Conformers	24	17.3	Preparation	45
<b>10 Reactive Intermediates</b> .....	26	17.3.1	Catalytic Dehydrogenation of Alkanes to 1,3-Dienes	45
10.1 Radicals	26	17.3.2	Dehydration of Diols to 1,3-Dienes	45
10.2 Carbenium Ions and Carbanions	26	17.3.3	Catalytic Dimerization of Ethyne to 1,3-Butadiene	45
10.3 Carbenes	27	17.3.4	1,2-Dienes by Elimination	45
<b>11 Basic Types of Organic Reactions</b> .....	28	<b>18</b>	<b>Additions and Cycloadditions with 1,3-Dienes</b>	<b>46</b>
11.1 Addition	28	18.1	1,2- and 1,4-Addition	46
11.2 Elimination	28	18.2	Cycloadditions	47
11.3 Oxidation	28	18.2.1	[4+2]-Cycloaddition (DIELS-ALDER Reaction)	47
11.4 Reduction	28	18.2.2	[4+1]-Cycloaddition	47
11.5 Substitution	28	<b>19</b>	<b>Alkynes</b>	<b>48</b>
		19.1	Homologous Series, Structural Isomerism, Nomenclature	48
		19.2	Preparation	48
		19.2.1	Partial Oxidation of Methane to Ethyne	48
		19.2.2	Carbide Process	48
		19.2.3	Double Dehydrohalogenation of 1,1- or 1,2-Dihaloalkanes	49
		19.2.4	Alkylation of Terminal Alkynes	49
		19.3	Typical Reactions	49
		19.3.1	Hydrogenation and Reduction	49
		19.3.2	Hydroboration	49
		19.3.3	Electrophilic Addition of Halogens	50

19.3.4	Electrophilic Addition of HX.....	50	<b>29 Non-benzenoid Aromatic Compounds.....</b>	<b>74</b>	
19.3.5	CH Acidity of Terminal Alkynes, Alkynylides.....	51	29.1 Non-benzenoid Aromatic Ions.....	74	
19.3.6	Oxidative Coupling of Terminal Alkynes.....	51	29.1.1 Cyclopropenium Cation.....	74	
19.3.7	Cyclotri- and Cyclotetramerization.....	51	29.1.2 Cyclopentadienide Anion.....	74	
<b>20 Cycloalkanes.....</b>	<b>52</b>	29.1.3 Cycloheptatrienium Cation.....	75	29.2 [n]Annulenes.....	75
20.1	Nomenclature.....	52	<b>30 Alkyl Halides.....</b>	<b>76</b>	
20.2	Conformation.....	52	30.1 Classification, Nomenclature.....	76	
20.2.1	Cyclopropane.....	52	30.2 Preparation.....	76	
20.2.2	Cyclobutane.....	52	30.2.1 Radical Substitution of Alkyl Groups.....	76	
20.2.3	Cyclopentane.....	53	30.2.2 Addition of Hydrogen Halides and Halogens to Alkenes.....	76	
20.2.4	Cyclohexane.....	53	30.2.3 Substitution of Hydroxide in Alcohols by Halide.....	77	
20.3	Configurational Isomerism.....	54	30.2.4 Fluorination with Antimony Trifluoride.....	77	
20.3.1	cis- and trans-Disubstituted Cycloalkanes.....	54	30.2.5 Nucleophilic Iodination of Alkyl Halides (FINKELSTEIN Reaction).....	77	
20.3.2	cis- and trans-Decalin.....	55	30.3 Electronegativity and the Inductive Effect.....	78	
20.3.3	Cycloalkenes.....	55	30.4 Typical Reactions.....	78	
<b>21 Basic Syntheses of Cycloalkanes and Cycloalkenes....</b>	<b>56</b>	30.4.1 Nucleophilic Substitution of Halide in Haloalkanes.....	78	30.4.2 Dehydrohalogenation ( $\beta$ -Elimination).....	79
21.1	Cyclopropane.....	56	30.4.3 Metalation.....	79	
21.2	Cyclobutane.....	56	<b>31 Mechanisms of Nucleophilic Substitution.....</b>	<b>80</b>	
21.3	Cyclopentene, Cyclopentane.....	56	31.1 Bimolecular Nucleophilic Substitution (Second-Order).....	80	
21.4	Cyclohexane, Cyclohexene.....	56	31.2 Monomolecular Nucleophilic Substitution (First-Order).....	81	
21.5	Cycloheptadiene, Cycloheptane.....	57	<b>32 Organometal Compounds.....</b>	<b>82</b>	
21.6	Larger Rings.....	57	32.1 General Survey.....	82	
<b>22 Reactions of Cycloalkanes and Cycloalkenes.....</b>	<b>58</b>	32.2 Preparation.....	82	32.2.1 Metalation of Alkyl and Aryl Halides.....	82
22.1	Reactions Driven by the Strain of Small Rings.....	58	32.2.2 Transmetalation.....	82	
22.2	Alkane-like Reactions.....	58	32.2.3 Halogen-Metal Exchange.....	83	
22.3	Alkene-like Reactions.....	58	32.2.4 Hydrogen-Metal Exchange.....	83	
22.3.1	Addition of Bromine.....	58	32.3 Preparative Significance.....	83	
22.3.2	Catalytic Hydrogenation.....	58	<b>33 Alcohols.....</b>	<b>84</b>	
22.3.3	Dihydroxylations.....	59	33.1 Nomenclature, Classification.....	84	
<b>23 Benzene, Aromaticity, Aromatic Compounds.....</b>	<b>60</b>	33.2 Structure and Physical Properties.....	84	33.3 Preparation.....	85
23.1	Structure of Benzene.....	60	33.3.1 Industrial Syntheses of Methanol and Ethanol.....	85	
23.1.1	Molecular Shape.....	60	33.3.2 Alcoholic Fermentation (Beer, Wine, Distillates).....	85	
23.1.2	Heat of Hydrogenation.....	60	33.3.3 Hydration of Alkenes.....	85	
23.1.3	Resonance Energy and Stabilization, Canonical Formulas.....	60	33.3.4 Hydroboration of Alkenes and Oxidation of Trialkylboranes.....	86	
23.2	Molecular Orbital Model of Benzene.....	61	33.3.5 Reduction of Carbonyl Compounds by Complex Metal Hydrides.....	86	
23.3	Criteria of Aromaticity.....	61	33.3.6 Nucleophilic Substitution of Alkyl Halides.....	86	
<b>24 Benzenoid Aromatic Compounds.....</b>	<b>62</b>	33.3.7 Addition of Alkylmagnesium Halides to Carbonyl Compounds.....	87	<b>34 Diols, Triols.....</b>	<b>88</b>
24.1	Monosubstituted Benzenes.....	62	34.1 Preparation.....	88	
24.2	Multiply Substituted Benzenes.....	62	34.1.1 Dihydroxylation of Alkenes.....	88	
24.3	Preparation of Benzenoid Hydrocarbons.....	63	34.1.2 Hydrolysis of Halohydrins.....	88	
24.3.1	Fossil Sources.....	63	34.1.3 Bimolecular Reduction of Carbonyl Compounds.....	89	
24.3.2	Cyclotrimerization of Alkynes.....	63	34.2 Oxidative Cleavage of Glycols.....	89	
<b>25 Electrophilic Substitution of Benzene.....</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>35 Reactions of Alcohols.....</b>	<b>90</b>	35.1 Basicity and Acidity.....	90
25.1	Substituted Benzenes by Electrophilic Substitution: Mechanism.....	64	35.2 Oxidation.....	90	
25.2	Electrophilic Halogenation.....	64	35.3 Nucleophilic Substitution.....	91	
25.3	Electrophilic Alkylation (FRIEDEL-CRAFTS Alkylation).....	64	35.4 Esterification.....	91	
25.4	Electrophilic Acylation (FRIEDEL-CRAFTS Acylation).....	65	<b>36 Dehydration of Alcohols.....</b>	<b>92</b>	
25.5	Electrophilic Nitration.....	65	36.1 Dehydration of Alcohols to Alkenes.....	92	
25.6	Electrophilic Sulfonation.....	65	36.2 Dehydration of Fully Alkylated 1,2-Diols to Ketones.....	93	
<b>26 Electrophilic Second Substitution of Benzenes.....</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>37 Ethers.....</b>	<b>94</b>	37.1 Nomenclature.....	94
26.1	Resonance Effects of Substituents at the Benzene Ring.....	66	37.2 Structure and Physical Properties.....	94	
26.2	Regioselectivity of Electrophilic Second Substitution of Benzenes.....	66	37.3 Preparation.....	94	
<b>27 Other Reactions of Benzenoid Aromatics.....</b>	<b>68</b>	37.3.1 Bimolecular Dehydration of Alcohols.....	94	37.3.2 Alkoxylation of Alkyl Halides (WILLIAMSON Synthesis).....	94
27.1	Nucleophilic Substitution at the Benzenoid Ring.....	68	37.4 Typical Reactions.....	95	
27.2	Radical Substitution at the Side Chain.....	68	37.4.1 Formation of Oxonium Salts.....	95	
27.3	Hydrogenation, Reduction, Oxidation.....	69			
<b>28 Polycyclic Benzenoid Aromatic Compounds.....</b>	<b>70</b>				
28.1	Fusion of Benzenoid Rings.....	70			
28.2	Preparation of Aromatic Polycycles.....	70			
28.3	Electrophilic Substitution of Naphthalene.....	71			
28.4	Oxidation and Reduction of Naphthalene.....	72			
28.5	Reactions of Anthracene and Phenanthrene.....	72			
28.6	Enzymatic Epoxidation of Benzo[a]pyrene.....	73			

37.4.2	Autoxidation (Insertion of Oxygen).....	95	<b>46 Diastereomers .....</b>	<b>124</b>	
37.4.3	Cleavage of Ethers .....	95	46.1	Compounds with Two Different Stereogenic Centers.....	124
<b>38 Amines.....</b>	<b>96</b>	46.2	Compounds with Two Equally Substituted Stereogenic Centers... ..	125	
38.1	Nomenclature, Classification.....	96	<b>47 Aldehydes.....</b>	<b>126</b>	
38.2	Molecular Shape.....	96	47.1	Survey, Nomenclature.....	126
38.3	Preparation .....	97	47.2	Preparation .....	127
38.3.1	Alkylation of Ammonia.....	97	47.2.1	Oxidation of Methyl and Hydroxymethyl Groups .....	127
38.3.2	Primary Amines by Alkylation of Potassium Phthalimide.....	97	47.2.2	Hydrolysis of 1,1-Dihaloalkanes .....	127
38.3.3	Primary Amines by Reduction of Nitriles and Nitro Compounds... ..	97	47.2.3	Reduction of Carboxylic Acid Derivatives.....	127
<b>39 Reactions of Amines.....</b>	<b>98</b>	47.2.4	Formylation of Arenes .....	127	
39.1	Basicity of Alkyl- and Arylamines .....	98	47.3	Molecular Shape, Resonance Formulas, Reactivity .....	128
39.2	Diazotization of Primary Amines .....	98	47.4	Reactions Specific for Aldehydes.....	128
39.3	N-Nitrosation of Secondary Amines .....	99	47.4.1	Oxidation to Carboxylic Acids, Identification Reactions .....	128
39.4	Exhaustive Alkylation of Amines .....	99	47.4.2	CANNIZZARO Disproportionation of Aromatic Aldehydes.....	129
39.5	HOFMANN Elimination of Tetraalkylammonium Hydroxides.....	99	47.4.3	Addition of Hydrogensulfite .....	129
39.6	Imines from Primary Amines and Carbonyl Compounds .....	100	<b>48 Ketones .....</b>	<b>130</b>	
39.7	Enamines from Secondary Amines and Carbonyl Compounds.....	100	48.1	Survey, Nomenclature.....	130
39.8	Reductive Amination of Carbonyl Compounds to Amines .....	101	48.2	Preparation .....	131
<b>40 Diazo and Azo Compounds .....</b>	<b>102</b>	48.2.1	Oxidation of Secondary Alcohols .....	131	
40.1	Arenediazonium Salts and Azo Dyes .....	102	48.2.2	Catalytic Oxidation of Alkenes by Air (WACKER Process) .....	131
40.2	Azoalkanes .....	103	48.2.3	Oxidation of Activated Methylene Groups (RILEY Oxidation) .....	131
40.3	Diazoalkanes .....	103	48.2.4	Acylation of Arenes to Phenones (FRIEDEL-CRAFTS Acylation) ... ..	131
<b>41 Carboxylic Acids .....</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>49 Carbonyl Reactions .....</b>	<b>132</b>		
41.1	Survey, Nomenclature.....	106	49.1	Reactions with Oxygen and Sulfur Nucleophiles.....	132
41.2	Carboxy Group: Bonding and Resonance Formulas .....	106	49.1.1	Hydration (Water as Nucleophile) .....	132
41.3	Carboxylic Acid Dimers .....	107	49.1.2	Formation of Acetals and Ketals (Alcohols as Nucleophiles).....	132
41.4	Preparation .....	107	49.1.3	Formation of Thioacetals (Mercaptals).....	132
41.4.1	Carbonylation .....	107	49.2	Reactions with Nitrogen Nucleophiles .....	133
41.4.2	Carboxylation .....	107	49.3	Reactions with Carbon Nucleophiles .....	133
41.4.3	Oxidation of Methyl, Hydroxymethyl, and Aldehyde Groups.....	108	49.3.1	Alkynylation.....	133
41.4.4	Hydrolysis of Carboxylic Acid Derivatives .....	108	49.3.2	Cyanohydrin and Benzoin Reaction .....	134
41.5	Acidity .....	109	49.3.3	Addition of GRIGNARD Compounds .....	134
<b>42 Carboxylic Acid Derivatives.....</b>	<b>110</b>	49.3.4	WITTIG Alkenylation (Carbonyl Alkenylation) .....	134	
42.1	Carboxylic Acid Esters .....	110	49.4	Reductions.....	135
42.2	Carboxylic Acid Halides (Acyl Halides).....	111	<b>50 CH Acidity of Carbonyl Compounds .....</b>	<b>136</b>	
42.3	Carboxylic Acid Anhydrides .....	111	50.1	CH Acidity of Carboxylic Acid Esters.....	136
42.4	Carboxylic Acid Amides, Cyclic Imides .....	111	50.1.1	CLAISEN Condensation .....	136
42.5	Hydrazides, Hydroxamic Acids, Azides .....	112	50.1.2	DIECKMANN Cyclocondensation.....	136
42.6	Change of the Carboxy Function.....	112	50.2	CH Acidity of Aldehydes and Ketones.....	136
42.6.1	Reduction to Primary Alcohols and Aldehydes.....	112	50.2.1	Aldol Reaction.....	137
42.6.2	Reductive Coupling of Esters (Acyloln Reaction) .....	113	50.2.2	CLAISEN Condensation .....	137
42.6.3	Decarboxylation .....	113	50.2.3	MANNICH Reaction .....	137
42.6.4	Dehydration of Carboxamides to Nitriles and Isonitriles .....	113	<b>51 1,3-Dicarbonyl Compounds.....</b>	<b>138</b>	
<b>43 Substituted Carboxylic Acids .....</b>	<b>114</b>	51.1	CH Acidity .....	138	
43.1	Nomenclature.....	114	51.2	Typical Reactions.....	138
43.2	Halo Acids .....	115	51.2.1	Alkylation and Cycloalkylation .....	138
43.2.1	Preparation .....	115	51.2.2	Carbonyl Alkenylation (KNOEVENAGEL Alkenylation).....	139
43.2.2	Reactions.....	115	51.2.3	Nucleophilic Addition to CC Double Bonds (MICHAEL Addition) ..	139
43.3	Hydroxy Acids.....	116	51.2.4	Oxo-Enol Tautomerism .....	140
43.3.1	Preparation .....	116	51.2.5	Cyclizations.....	141
43.3.2	Reactions.....	117	<b>52 Phenols .....</b>	<b>142</b>	
<b>44 Absolute Configuration .....</b>	<b>118</b>	52.1	Nomenclature.....	142	
44.1	Stereogenic Center, Enantiomers, Chirality .....	118	52.2	Resonance Formulas, Acidity Relative to Alcohols .....	142
44.2	Optical Activity and Specific Rotation .....	118	52.3	Preparation .....	143
44.3	Specification of the Absolute Configuration.....	118	52.3.1	HOCK Process (Synthesis of Phenol and Acetone).....	143
44.3.1	CAHN-INGOLD-PRELOG Convention [(R)- and (S)-Descriptors].....	119	52.3.2	Hydrolysis of Substituted Chlorobenzenes.....	143
44.3.2	FISCHER Convention (D- and L-Descriptors) .....	119	52.3.3	Catalytic Oxidation of Methylarenes.....	143
44.3.3	Correlation of D,L and R,S Descriptors .....	120	52.3.4	Melting of Arenesulfonates with Alkali Hydroxides .....	144
44.3.4	Racemates and Their Resolution .....	121	52.3.5	Hydrolysis of Arenediazonium Salts .....	144
44.4	Stereospecificity of the Bimolecular Nucleophilic Substitution .....	121	52.4	Typical Reactions.....	144
<b>45 Enantiomers without Carbon as Stereogenic Center ..</b>	<b>122</b>	52.4.1	Conversion into Aryl Ethers (WILLIAMSON Synthesis).....	144	
45.1	Heteroatoms as Stereogenic Centers .....	122	52.4.2	Esterification and FRIES Rearrangement .....	144
45.2	Axial Chirality .....	122	52.4.3	Electrophilic Substitution .....	145
45.3	Planar Chirality and Helicity .....	123	52.4.4	Oxidation.....	145

<b>53 Quinones</b> .....	<b>146</b>	59.3.1 Trimethylsilylation .....	168
53.1 Survey and Nomenclature .....	146	59.3.2 Syntheses with Silyl Enol Ethers.....	168
53.2 Preparation .....	146	59.4 Silicones .....	169
53.2.1 Oxidation of Phenols and Primary Arenamines.....	146	<b>60 Heteroalicycles</b> .....	<b>170</b>
53.2.2 Oxidation of Polycyclic Aromatics .....	147	60.1 Nomenclature .....	170
53.2.3 FRIEDEL-CRAFTS Acylation of Arenes with Phthalic Anhydride.....	147	60.2 Preparation .....	171
53.3 Reactions.....	147	60.2.1 Intramolecular Cyclizations .....	171
53.3.1 Reduction-Oxidation Quinone-Hydroquinone Equilibrium .....	147	60.2.2 Cycloadditions .....	171
53.3.2 Autoxidation of Anthrahydroquinone .....	148	60.2.3 Catalytic Hydrogenation of Aromatic Heterocycles .....	172
53.3.3 Additions.....	148	60.3 Reactions.....	172
53.3.4 Electrophilic Substitutions of Benzenoid Rings .....	149	60.3.1 Heteroatom as Nucleophile.....	172
53.3.5 Carbonyl Reactions.....	149	60.3.2 Ring Opening.....	173
<b>54 Organosulfur Compounds</b> .....	<b>150</b>	60.3.3 Ring Expansion.....	173
54.1 Sulfur in Organic Compounds .....	150	<b>61 Five-Membered Aromatic Heterocycles</b> .....	<b>174</b>
54.2 Organosulfur Compounds with Bivalent Sulfur .....	150	61.1 Survey and Nomenclature .....	174
54.2.1 Thiols, Thiophenols, Disulfides .....	150	61.2 $\pi$ -Excessive Aromatic Heterocycles .....	174
54.2.2 Thioethers.....	151	61.3 Typical Syntheses.....	175
54.2.3 Sulfenic Acid Derivatives .....	151	61.3.1 Furan, Pyrrole, Thiophene .....	175
54.3 Sulfoxides, Sulfones .....	152	61.3.2 Azoles.....	175
54.4 Sulfinic Acids, Sulfonic Acids .....	152	61.4 Typical Reactions .....	176
54.4.1 Preparation .....	152	61.4.1 Basicity and Acidity of Pyrrole.....	176
54.4.2 Sulfonic Acid Derivatives .....	152	61.4.2 Electrophilic Substitutions .....	176
54.5 Thiocarbonyl Compounds .....	153	61.4.3 1,3-Diene Reactions .....	176
54.5.1 Thioaldehydes, Thioketones .....	153	61.4.4 Nucleophilic Substitutions .....	177
54.5.2 Thioic Acids, Thionic Acids, Dithiocarboxylic Acids .....	153	61.4.5 Ring Opening.....	177
<b>55 Carbonic Acid Derivatives</b> .....	<b>154</b>	<b>62 Six-Membered Aromatic Heterocycles</b> .....	<b>178</b>
55.1 Survey of Derivatives .....	154	62.1 Survey and Nomenclature .....	178
55.2 Carbonic Acid Chlorides .....	154	62.2 $\pi$ -Deficient Aromatic Heterocycles.....	178
55.2.1 Phosgene .....	154	62.3 Typical Syntheses.....	178
55.2.2 Carbonic Acid Ester Chlorides .....	154	62.3.1 Pyridines .....	178
55.3 Carbonic Acid Esters .....	155	62.3.2 Pyrimidines .....	179
55.3.1 Dialkyl Carbonates, Dialkyl Dicarbonates .....	155	62.3.3 Pyrylium Salts .....	179
55.3.2 Carbamic Acid Esters (Urethanes).....	155	62.4 Typical Reactions .....	180
55.4 Urea, Thiourea, Guanidine .....	155	62.4.1 Reactions at the Imino Nitrogen.....	180
55.4.1 Urea.....	155	62.4.2 Nucleophilic Substitutions .....	180
55.4.2 Guanidine and Thiourea .....	156	62.4.3 Electrophilic Substitutions .....	181
55.5 Derivatives of Dithio- and Trithiocarbonic Acid.....	157	62.4.4 CH Acidity of Methyl Groups .....	181
<b>56 Heterocumulenes</b> .....	<b>158</b>	<b>63 Benzo-Fused Five-Membered Heteroaromatics</b> .....	<b>182</b>
56.1 Analogues of Carbon Dioxide .....	158	63.1 Survey and Nomenclature .....	182
56.2 Carbon Disulfide .....	158	63.2 Typical Syntheses.....	182
56.3 Isocyanates, Isothiocyanates.....	158	63.2.1 Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]furan, Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]thiophene.....	182
56.4 Carbodiimides .....	159	63.2.2 Benzo[ <i>b</i> ]pyrrole (Indole).....	182
<b>57 Rearrangements</b> .....	<b>160</b>	63.2.3 Benzo-1,3-azoles .....	183
57.1 Anionotropic 1,2-Shifts.....	160	63.2.4 Carbazole .....	183
57.1.1 General Mechanisms (Sextet Rearrangements) .....	160	63.3 Typical Reactions .....	183
57.1.2 1,2-Shifts from Carbon to Carbon .....	161	63.3.1 Electrophilic Substitutions .....	184
57.1.3 1,2-Shifts from Carbon to Oxygen.....	161	63.3.2 Cycloadditions .....	184
57.1.4 1,2-Shifts from Carbon to Nitrogen .....	161	63.3.3 Reactions of 2- and 3-Hydroxy Derivatives .....	185
57.2 Cationotropic 1,2-Shifts.....	162	<b>64 Benzo-Fused Six-Membered Heteroaromatics</b> .....	<b>186</b>
57.2.1 FAVORSKII Rearrangement (from Carbon to Carbon).....	162	64.1 Survey and Nomenclature .....	186
57.2.2 STEVENS Rearrangement (from Nitrogen to Carbon).....	162	64.2 Typical Syntheses.....	186
57.2.3 WITTIG Rearrangement (from Oxygen to Carbon) .....	162	64.2.1 Quinolines.....	186
57.3 Rearrangements at Benzenoid Rings .....	163	64.2.2 Isoquinolines.....	187
57.4 Sigmatropic Rearrangements .....	163	64.2.3 Benzopyrylium Salts .....	187
<b>58 Polymers, Polymerization</b> .....	<b>164</b>	64.3 Typical Reactions .....	187
58.1 Monomers, Oligomers, Polymers.....	164	64.3.1 Basicity and Reactions at the Imino Nitrogen.....	187
58.2 Vinyl and Diene Polymers.....	164	64.3.2 Catalytic Hydrogenation and Oxidative Ring Opening.....	188
58.3 Polyethers.....	165	64.3.3 Nucleophilic Additions .....	188
58.4 Polyesters.....	165	64.3.4 Nucleophilic Substitutions .....	188
58.5 Polyamides .....	166	64.3.5 Electrophilic Substitutions .....	189
58.6 Polyurethanes, Polyureas .....	167	64.3.6 CH Acidity of Methyl Groups .....	189
<b>59 Syntheses with Organosilicon Compounds</b> .....	<b>168</b>	<b>65 Fused Aromatic Heterocycles</b> .....	<b>190</b>
59.1 Comparison of Organosilicon and Organic Compounds .....	168	65.1 Heterobicycles with Nitrogen as Bridgehead.....	190
59.2 Halosilanes .....	168	65.2 Purines .....	190
59.3 Preparative Significance of Trimethylsilyl Compounds.....	168	65.2.1 Survey .....	190

65.2.2	Syntheses of Purines .....	191	76.3.1	Hemi- and Monoterpenes .....	221
65.2.3	Oxidative Cleavage of Purines (Uric Acid) .....	192	76.3.2	Sesquiterpenes .....	222
65.3	Pteridines .....	192	76.3.3	Diterpenes .....	222
65.3.1	Survey .....	192	76.3.4	Triterpenes .....	223
65.3.2	Syntheses of Pteridines .....	192	76.3.5	Tetraterpenes (Carotenoids) .....	223
<b>66</b>	<b>Absorption of Light, Color, Dyes .....</b>	<b>194</b>	76.3.6	Polyterpenes .....	223
66.1	Absorption of Light, Color .....	194	<b>77</b>	<b>Steroids .....</b>	<b>224</b>
66.2	Dyes and Pigments .....	195	77.1	Survey, Fusion of the Rings .....	224
66.3	Basic Types of Dyes .....	196	77.2	Cholesterol .....	224
66.3.1	Structural Properties of Dyes: Azo Dyes .....	196	77.3	Bile Acids .....	224
66.3.2	Polymethine Dyes .....	196	77.4	Steroid Hormones .....	225
66.3.3	Triarylmethine Dyes .....	197	<b>78</b>	<b>Selectivity and Specificity of Organic Reactions .....</b>	<b>226</b>
66.3.4	Carbonyl Dyes .....	197	78.1	Chemoselectivity .....	226
<b>67</b>	<b>Porphyroids .....</b>	<b>198</b>	78.2	Regioselectivity .....	226
67.1	Porphyridins and Phthalocyanines as Polyaza[10]annulenes .....	198	78.3	Stereoselectivity .....	227
67.2	Porphyroids in Blood and Chloroplasts .....	198	78.4	Stereospecificity .....	228
67.2.1	Heme .....	198	<b>79</b>	<b>Planning Organic Syntheses .....</b>	<b>230</b>
67.2.2	Chlorophyll .....	199	79.1	Retrosynthetic Disconnections .....	230
<b>68</b>	<b>Amino Acids .....</b>	<b>200</b>	79.2	Retrons and Synthons .....	230
68.1	General Survey .....	200	79.3	Designing Selected Syntheses .....	232
68.2	Preparation .....	201	79.3.1	2-Ethyl-2-hexenal .....	232
68.3	Identification .....	201	79.3.2	Ethyl 2,4-Dioxoheptanoate .....	232
<b>69</b>	<b>Peptides, Proteins .....</b>	<b>202</b>	79.3.3	2-(4-Isobutylphenyl)propanoic Acid .....	233
69.1	Amino Acid Sequence .....	202	79.3.4	$\Delta^9$ -Tetrahydrocannabinol .....	233
69.2	Biological Function .....	202	<b>80</b>	<b>Aspects of Molecular Structure .....</b>	<b>234</b>
69.3	Structure of Proteins .....	202	80.1	Molecular Formula and Double Bond Equivalents .....	234
69.4	Peptide Synthesis .....	203	80.2	Skeletal Structure: Atom Connectivities .....	234
69.4.1	Protective Groups .....	203	80.3	Conformation .....	234
69.4.2	Carboxy Activation .....	204	80.4	Relative Configuration .....	235
69.4.3	Peptide Coupling .....	205	80.5	Absolute Configuration .....	235
<b>70</b>	<b>Alkaloids .....</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>Mass Spectrometry .....</b>	<b>236</b>
70.1	Origin, Significance, Nomenclature .....	206	81.1	Mass Spectrum .....	236
70.2	Biologically Active Alkaloids .....	206	81.2	Base Ion, Molecular Ion .....	236
<b>71</b>	<b>Carbohydrates: Aldoses and Ketoses .....</b>	<b>208</b>	81.3	Fragment Ions and Atom Connectivities .....	237
71.1	Aldoses .....	208	<b>82</b>	<b>Infrared Spectroscopy .....</b>	<b>238</b>
71.2	Ketoses .....	208	82.1	IR Spectrum .....	238
71.3	Cyclohemiacetals, Cyclohemiketals: Pyranoses, Furanoses .....	209	82.2	Molecular Vibrations .....	238
71.4	Mutarotation .....	210	82.3	Identification of Functional Groups and Structural Units .....	239
71.5	Typical Reactions .....	210	<b>83</b>	<b>Nuclear Magnetic Resonance: Proton NMR .....</b>	<b>240</b>
71.5.1	Glycosides, Glycosidation .....	210	83.1	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance .....	240
71.5.2	O-Alkylation, O-Acylation .....	211	83.2	Chemical Shift .....	240
71.5.3	Reduction and Oxidation .....	211	83.3	NMR Spectrum and Integration .....	241
<b>72</b>	<b>Carbohydrates: Oligo- and Polysaccharides .....</b>	<b>212</b>	83.4	Signal Multiplets and Coupling Constants .....	241
72.1	Oligosaccharides .....	212	83.4.1	Signal Multiplets .....	241
72.2	Polysaccharides .....	213	83.4.2	Coupling Constants and Relative Configuration .....	242
<b>73</b>	<b>Nucleic Acids: DNA and RNA .....</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>Nuclear Magnetic Resonance: Carbon-13 NMR .....</b>	<b>244</b>
73.1	Nucleotides, Nucleosides, Nucleobases .....	214	84.1	Carbon-13 as NMR Probe .....	244
73.2	Base Pairing and Double Helix of DNA .....	215	84.2	Carbon-13 Chemical Shifts .....	244
<b>74</b>	<b>Lipids .....</b>	<b>216</b>	84.3	Carbon-Proton Coupling and Detection of CH Multiplets .....	245
74.1	Classification .....	216	<b>85</b>	<b>Nuclear Magnetic Resonance: Two-Dimensional NMR 246</b>	
74.2	Fatty Acids, Fats, Soaps .....	216	85.1	Homonuclear Shift Correlation .....	246
74.2.1	Saturated and Unsaturated Fatty Acids .....	216	85.1.1	Proton-Proton Shift Correlation (HH COSY) .....	246
74.2.2	Waxes, Soaps, Biofuel .....	217	85.1.2	Carbon-Carbon Shift Correlation .....	246
<b>75</b>	<b>Polyketides .....</b>	<b>218</b>	85.2	Heteronuclear Shift Correlation (Carbon-Proton Correlation) .....	247
75.1	Polyketide Pathway .....	218	<b>Subject Index .....</b>	<b>248</b>	
75.2	Selected Polyketides .....	218	<b>Selected Reference Sources .....</b>	<b>267</b>	
<b>76</b>	<b>Terpenes .....</b>	<b>220</b>			
76.1	Survey, Isoprene Rule .....	220			
76.2	Occurrence, Significance .....	221			
76.3	Selected Terpenes (Flavors, Fragrances, Active Substances) .....	221			